



National Science Foundation Building a Better Budget Office

Budgeting Capability Self-Assessment Tool BC SAT

AABPA 2011 Fall Symposium
November 16, 2011





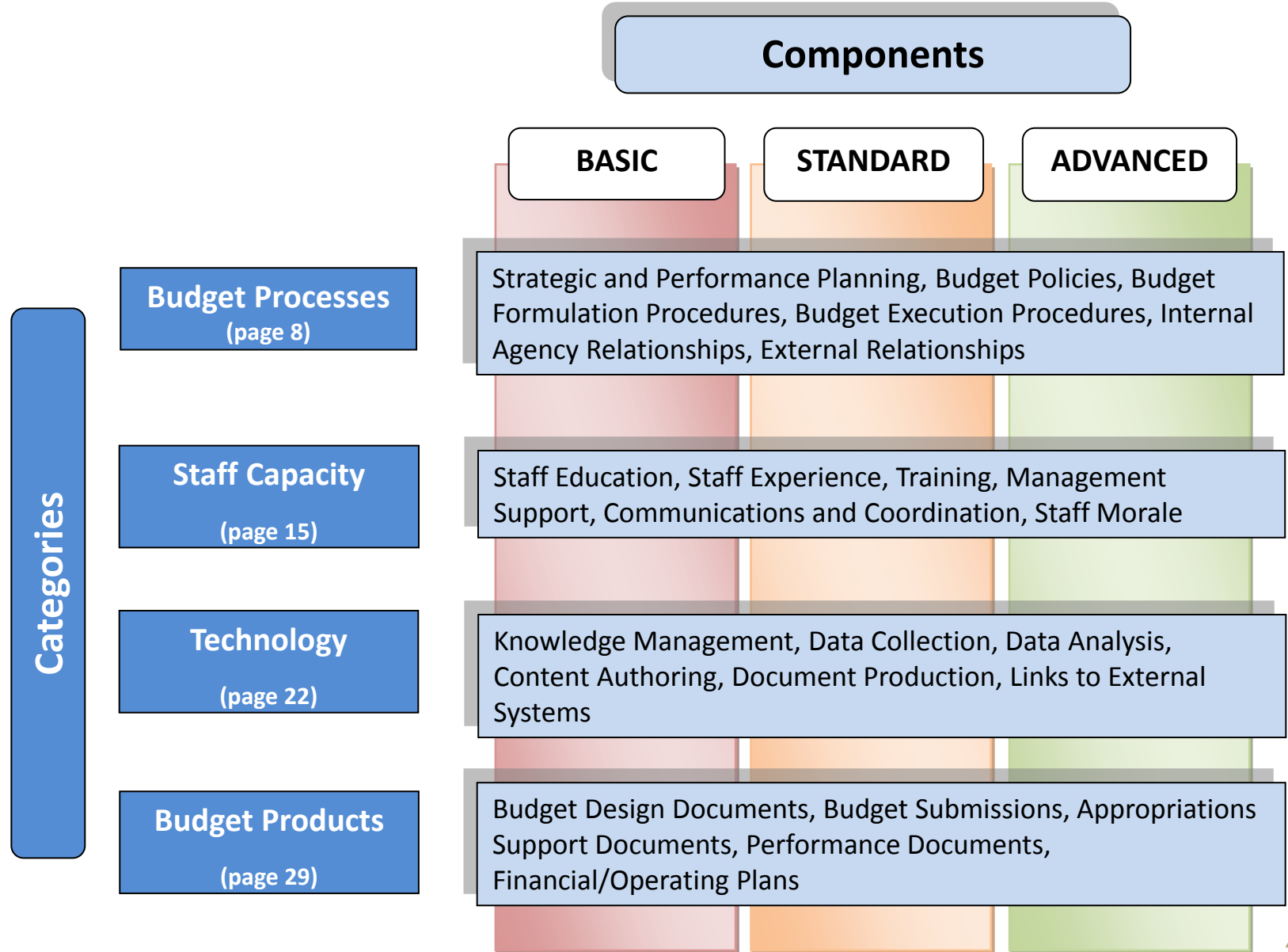
Topics

- Budgeting Capability Self-Assessment Tool (BC SAT) Refresher
- NSF Budget Division
 - Capabilities baseline
 - Roadmap to improvement
- Community-Wide Implications

BC SAT Introduction

- Developed by the Budget Line of Business as a self assessment tool to:
 - Assess current strengths / weaknesses
 - Gain understanding of potential best practices
 - Assist planning and budgeting for organizational improvement
- Then: no defined or right way to use tool
- Now: automated MAX BC SAT survey available to conduct assessment

Construct of the BC SAT Tool



BC SAT Checklist

Budgeting Capability Self-Assessment Tool Checklist							
	Basic	Standard	Advanced		Basic	Standard	Advanced
Budget Processes				Technology			
Strategic and Performance Planning				Knowledge Management			
Budget Guidance				Data Collection			
Budget Formulation Procedures				Data Analysis			
Budget Execution Procedures				Content Authoring			
Internal Agency Relationships				Document Production			
External Relationships				Links to External Systems			
Staff Capacity				Budget Products			
Staff Education				Budget Decision Documents			
Staff Experience				Budget Submissions			
Training				Appropriations Support Documents			
Management Support				Performance Documents			
Communications and Coordination				Financial/Operating/Performance Plans			
Staff Morale							



Category 1: Budget Processes

Strategic and Performance Planning - Strategic plans define an agency's mission and long-term goals. They are supported by annual plans containing specific performance targets. This category encompasses the degree to which 1) the budget process is driven by the strategic plan; 2) annual budget and financial reports compare actual performance to targets set; and 3) actual data is used in the formulation of the strategic plan.

BASIC

- Little interaction between formulating the budget and the strategic plan
- Performance measures are marginally useful in describing what the Agency is achieving
- Minimal consideration is given to actual performance data in the formulation of the strategic plan

STANDARD

- The budget and the strategic plan are loosely linked
- Performance measures are useful in describing what the Agency is achieving
- Actual data is used in the preparation of the strategic plan

ADVANCED

- The budget flows from the strategic plan.
- Performance measures are clear and quantitative, and describe the relationship between the results the Agency expects to achieve and the resources it is requesting
- Actual data is integral to the preparation of the strategic plan



NSF Use of BC SAT

- NSF “learning organization” culture encourages free exchange and flow of information
- The timing was right to baseline our organizational performance
 - Expanding workload
 - FTE constraints
 - Budget environment uncertainties
 - Push for efficiencies
- BC SAT allowed us to assess and document our performance quickly using an existing tool developed by the federal budget community



NSF BC SAT Survey

- Converted the tool into a survey using a 5-level rating system
- Automated the survey so that results would be readily documented and compiled
 - For ease of implementation at NSF, survey was created in SharePoint
- Administered the survey within the Budget Division, on voluntary and anonymous basis
 - 75% response rate
- Shared and discussed results with entire Budget Division team soon after survey period ended



What we learned

- Our staff was fully engaged, eager and interested in participating in the assessment process
- The tool accurately captured our strengths and weaknesses, and validated our “gut instincts”
 - It met our expectations
- The BC SAT survey is a springboard
 - The results provide a roadmap to improve our operations

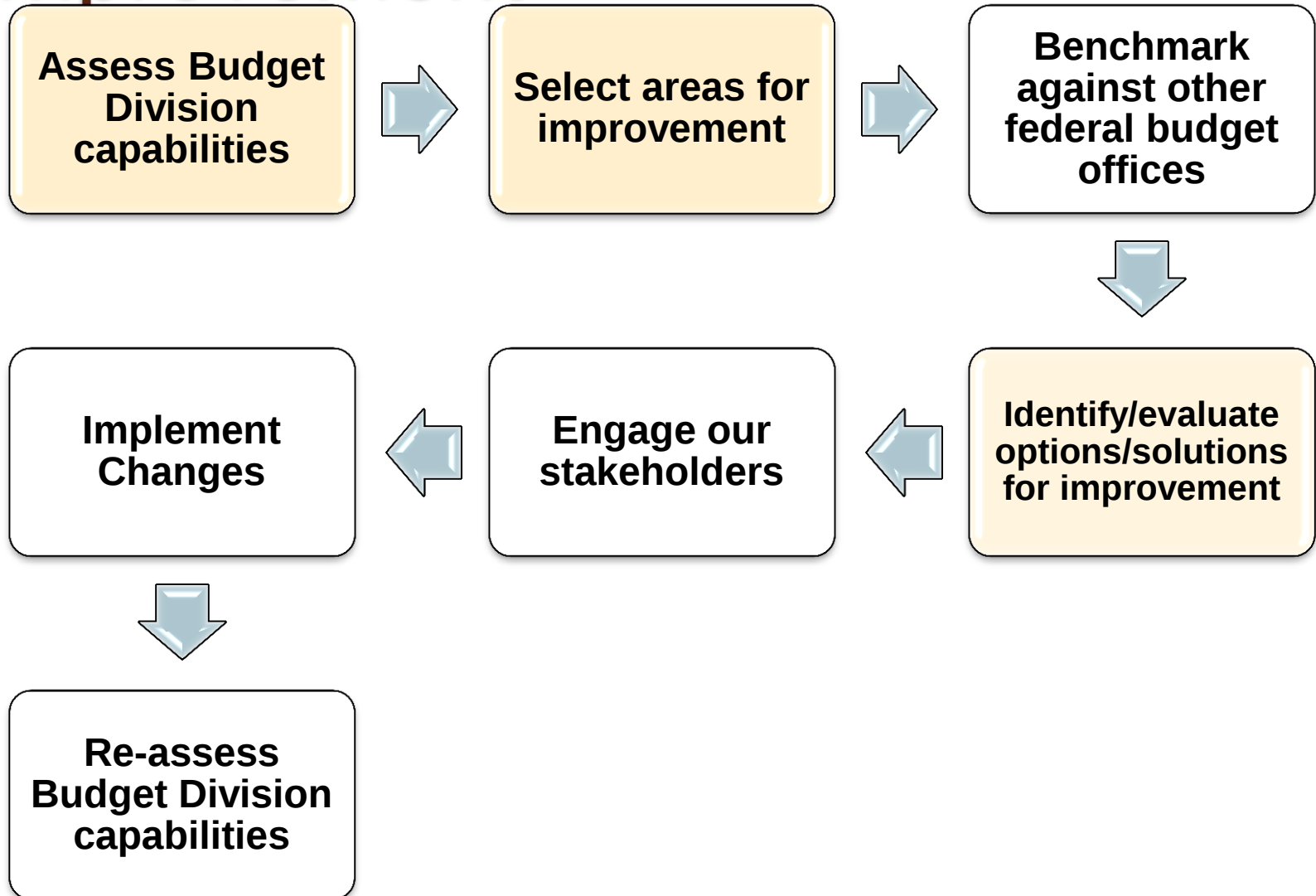


Summary of BC SAT Results

- Technology is our weakest link
 - Data collection relies on individual spreadsheets, lots of manual re-entry
 - Data resides in multiple locations and comes from multiple sources, requires lots of time to reconcile differences
- Strengths are staff experience and external relationships
 - Diverse staff background and experience, strong backup support
 - Strong working relationships with OMB and congressional staff



NSF Roadmap for Improvement





Guiding Principles for Solutions

- First, do no harm
- Low-cost, low-risk
- Lead to administrative / workload efficiencies and savings
- Best practice in federal budget community
- Accepted by internal and external stakeholders



Community-Wide Implications

- Maximize use of BFELoB tools and services
- Encourage shared learning and improvement between budget offices
- Focus BFELoB attention and resources on most significant government-wide shortcomings